### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§514B-146 Association fiscal matters; lien for
4	assessments. (a) All sums assessed by the association but
5	unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any
6	unit shall constitute a lien on the unit with priority over all
7	other liens, except:
8	(1) Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by
9	governmental authority against the unit; and
10	(2) [All] Except as provided in subsection (g), all sums
11	unpaid on any mortgage of record that was recorded
12	prior to the recordation of a notice of a lien by the
13	association, and costs and expenses including
14	attorneys' fees provided in such mortgages;
15	provided that a lien recorded by an association for unpaid
16	assessments shall expire six years from the date of recordation
17	unless proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted prior to
18	the expiration of the lien; provided further that the expiration
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- 1 of a recorded lien shall in no way affect the association's
- 2 automatic lien that arises pursuant to this subsection or the
- 3 declaration or bylaws. Any proceedings to enforce an
- 4 association's lien for any assessment shall be instituted within
- 5 six years after the assessment became due; provided that if the
- 6 owner of a unit subject to a lien of the association files a
- 7 petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code (11
- 8 U.S.C. §101 et seq.), the period of time for instituting
- 9 proceedings to enforce the association's lien shall be tolled
- 10 until thirty days after the automatic stay of proceedings under
- 11 section 362 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C.
- 12 §362) is lifted.
- 13 The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or
- 14 by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth
- 15 in chapter 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf
- 16 of the association and in the name of the association; provided
- 17 that no association may exercise the nonjudicial or power of
- 18 sale remedies provided in chapter 667 to foreclose a lien
- 19 against any unit that arises solely from fines, penalties, legal
- 20 fees, or late fees, and the foreclosure of any such lien shall
- 21 be filed in court pursuant to part IA of chapter 667.

1 In any such foreclosure, the unit owner shall be required 2 to pay a reasonable rental for the unit, if so provided in the 3 bylaws or the law, and the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall be 4 entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the rental 5 owed by the unit owner or any tenant of the unit. If the 6 association is the plaintiff, it may request that its managing 7 agent be appointed as receiver to collect the rent from the 8 tenant. The managing agent or board, acting on behalf of the 9 association and in the name of the association, unless 10 prohibited by the declaration, may bid on the unit at 11 foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold, lease, mortgage, and 12 convey the unit. Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid 13 common expenses shall be maintainable without foreclosing or 14 waiving the lien securing the unpaid common expenses owed. 15 (b) Except as provided in subsection (q), when the 16 mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit **17** obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the 18 mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors 19 and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common expenses or assessments by the association chargeable to the 20 21 unit that became due prior to the acquisition of title to the 22 unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of common expenses or



- 1 assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible
- 2 from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer and the
- 3 acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of record or
- 4 other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire title and
- 5 shall be required to pay the unit's share of common expenses and
- 6 assessments beginning:
- 7 (1) Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to
- 8 the purchaser has been filed with the court;
- 9 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants
- 10 the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
- 11 (3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
- 12 power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
- chapter 667; or
- 14 (4) Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;
- 15 whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or
- 16 other purchaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title
- 17 under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
- 18 delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
- 19 sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
- 20 specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
- 21 hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
- 22 requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,



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1	objects	to	the	form	of	the	proposed	order	to	confirm	sale,

- 2 appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
- 3 sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
- 4 involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
- 5 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be
- 6 deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
- 7 conveyance.
- 8 (c) No unit owner shall withhold any assessment claimed by
- 9 the association. A unit owner who disputes the amount of an
- 10 assessment may request a written statement clearly indicating:
- 11 (1) The amount of common expenses included in the
- 12 assessment, including the due date of each amount
- 13 claimed;
- 14 (2) The amount of any penalty, late fee, lien filing fee,
- and any other charge included in the assessment;
- 16 (3) The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
- included in the assessment;
- 18 (4) That under Hawaii law, a unit owner has no right to
- withhold assessments for any reason;
- 20 (5) That a unit owner has a right to demand mediation or
- 21 arbitration to resolve disputes about the amount or
- validity of an association's assessment, provided the

1	unit owner immediately pays the assessment in full and
2	keeps assessments current; and
3	(6) That payment in full of the assessment does not
4	prevent the owner from contesting the assessment or
5	receiving a refund of amounts not owed.
6	Nothing in this section shall limit the rights of an owner to
7	the protection of all fair debt collection procedures mandated
8	under federal and state law.
9	(d) A unit owner who pays an association the full amount
10	claimed by the association may file in small claims court or
11	require the association to mediate to resolve any disputes
12	concerning the amount or validity of the association's claim.
13	If the unit owner and the association are unable to resolve the
14	dispute through mediation, either party may file for arbitration
15	under section 514B-162; provided that a unit owner may only file
16	for arbitration if all amounts claimed by the association are
17	paid in full on or before the date of filing. If the unit owner
18	fails to keep all association assessments current during the
19	arbitration, the association may ask the arbitrator to
20	temporarily suspend the arbitration proceedings. If the unit
21	owner pays all association assessments within thirty days of the
22	date of suspension, the unit owner may ask the arbitrator to
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- 1 recommence the arbitration proceedings. If the owner fails to
- 2 pay all association assessments by the end of the thirty-day
- 3 period, the association may ask the arbitrator to dismiss the
- 4 arbitration proceedings. The unit owner shall be entitled to a
- 5 refund of any amounts paid to the association which are not
- 6 owed.
- 7 (e) In conjunction with or as an alternative to
- 8 foreclosure proceedings under subsection (a), where a unit is
- 9 owner-occupied, the association may authorize its managing agent
- 10 or board to, after sixty days' written notice to the unit owner
- 11 and to the unit's first mortgagee of the nonpayment of the
- 12 unit's share of the common expenses, terminate the delinquent
- 13 unit's access to the common elements and cease supplying a
- 14 delinquent unit with any and all services normally supplied or
- 15 paid for by the association. Any terminated services and
- 16 privileges shall be restored upon payment of all delinquent
- 17 assessments but need not be restored until payment in full is
- 18 received.
- 19 (f) Before the board or managing agent may take the
- 20 actions permitted under subsection (e), the board shall adopt a
- 21 written policy providing for such actions and have the policy
- 22 approved by a majority vote of the unit owners at an annual or



1	special meeting of the association or by the written consent of
2	a majority of the unit owners.
3	(g) Subject to this subsection, and subsections (h) and
4	(i), the board may specially assess the amount of the unpaid
5	regular monthly common assessments for common expenses against a
6	[person] mortgagee or other purchaser of a unit who, in a
7	judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, purchases a
8	delinquent unit; provided that[+
9	(1) A purchaser who holds a mortgage on a delinquent unit
10	that was recorded prior to the filing of a notice of
11 .	lien by the association and who acquires the
12	delinquent unit through a judicial or nonjudicial
13	foreclosure proceeding, including purchasing the
14	delinquent unit at a foreclosure auction, shall not be
15	obligated to make, nor be liable for, payment of the
16	special assessment as provided for under this
17	subsection; and
18	(2) A person who subsequently purchases the delinquent
19	unit from the mortgagee referred to in paragraph (1)
20	shall be obligated to make, and shall be liable for,
21	payment of the special assessment provided for under
22	this subsection; and provided further that] the

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1		mortgagee or [subsequent] other purchaser may require
2		the association to provide at no charge a notice of
3		the association's intent to claim lien against the
4		delinquent unit for the amount of the special
5		assessment, prior to the subsequent purchaser's
6		acquisition of title to the delinquent unit. The
7		notice shall state the amount of the special
8		assessment, how that amount was calculated, and the
9		legal description of the unit.
10	(h)	The amount of the special assessment assessed under
11	subsectio	n (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid

- (h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the six months immediately preceding the completion of the judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure.
- (i) For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following definitions shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise:
  "Completion" means:
- 18 (1) In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the
  19 affidavit after public sale is recorded pursuant to
  20 section 667-33; and
- 21 (2) In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed 22 to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).

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1	"Reg	ular monthly common assessments" does not include:
2	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a special
3		assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
4		adopted pursuant to section 514B-148;
5	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
6	(3)	Interest assessed by the association;
7	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
8	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
9		enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
10		fees and court costs.
11	(j)	The cost of a release of any lien filed pursuant to
12	this sect	ion shall be paid by the party requesting the release.
13	(k)	After any judicial or non-judicial foreclosure
14	proceedin	g in which the association acquires title to the unit,
15	any exces	s rental income received by the association from the
16	unit shal	l be paid to existing lien holders based on the
17	priority	of lien, and not on a pro rata basis. For purposes of
18	this subs	ection, excess rental income shall be any net income
19	received	by the association after paying, crediting, or
20	reimbursi	ng the association or a third party for:
21	(1)	The lien for delinquent assessments pursuant to
22		subsections (a) and (b);

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1	(2)	Any maintenance fee delinquency against the unit;
2	(3)	Attorney's fees and other collection costs related to
3		the association's foreclosure of the unit; or
4	(4)	Any costs incurred by the association for the rental,
5		repair, maintenance, or rehabilitation of the unit
6		while the association is in possession of the unit
7		including monthly association maintenance fees,
8		management fees, real estate commissions, cleaning and
9		repair expenses for the unit, and general excise taxes
10		paid on rental income;
11	provided	that the lien for delinquent assessments under
12	paragraph	(1) shall be paid, credited, or reimbursed first."
13	SECT	ION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECT	ION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

### Report Title:

Condominiums; Condominium Associations; Common Assessments; Liens

#### Description:

Permits the board of directors of a condominium association to collect a six-month special assessment from the mortgagee or other purchaser of a unit with a recorded lien for delinquent common assessments. Specifies how excess rental income received by a condominium association shall be paid to existing lien holders. Effective 07/01/50. (SD2)

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